

## Youth Justice Dictionary

<b>Actions</b>	Something you have done or are going to do.
<b>Adjourn</b>	To stop a meeting until another time.
<b>Alleged</b>	Saying someone has done something wrong. This has not yet been proven in court.
<b>Appointment</b>	You have to be somewhere at a certain time for a meeting.
<b>Attack</b>	A violent action against someone or something.
<b>Attend</b>	To go to a meeting or place.
<b>Bail</b>	You can leave the police station or court but you have to follow certain rules. You have to go back to court on a certain date.
<b>Breach</b>	Not following the rules, for example not turning up at agreed meeting times.
<b>Circumstances</b>	The who, what, where of an event/situation.
<b>Co-Defendant (Co-D)</b>	The person who you carried out the crime with.
<b>Comply</b>	You must follow the rules.
<b>Concurrent</b>	At the same time.
<b>Conditional</b>	Something that depends on a set of rules that need to be followed first.
<b>Contract</b>	An agreement between two people. It says what you will do. It says what the other person will do. You have to follow the rules of the contract.
<b>Conviction</b>	Someone being found guilty of a crime. They did the crime.
<b>Convince</b>	To make someone believe something.
<b>Court</b>	A place where there is a judge and decisions are made to do with the law. Here it is decided if someone is guilty or not guilty of a crime and told what will happen next.
<b>Court Order</b>	Rules given by a court or a judge telling a person what they have to do.
<b>Custody</b>	In prison or being kept in a cell at a police station.
<b>Defence</b>	Show evidence in your favour. They are trying to help your case.
<b>Exclusion zone</b>	An area that the police say you cannot go.
<b>Failed to attend</b>	You did not go to an appointment.
<b>Guilty</b>	The court decides that you have done something against the law and that you are responsible.
<b>Joint enterprise</b>	If you are at the scene of a crime, take actions which lead to a crime or know a crime is about to or going to happen but do not stop it.
<b>Legal advisor</b>	A person that can give you information about the law.
<b>Known to police</b>	It has been recorded (written down) that you have previously had contact with the police.
<b>Legal rights</b>	What the law says you must have when you are dealt with by the police or the courts.
<b>Magistrate</b>	A person in a court who decides what happens when you break the law. They are like a judge.
<b>Not Guilty</b>	You have NOT done something against the law.
<b>Offence</b>	Something wrong and against the law.
<b>Order</b>	Rules you have to follow and things you have to do.
<b>Police Caution</b>	When you are arrested by the police, the information the police say to you. This includes the sentence 'You are under arrest' and your legal rights.
<b>Punishment</b>	What you have to do because you have done something wrong.

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<b>Referral order</b>	Rules that you have to follow and things you have to do. It can last for 3 months or up to 12 months.
<b>Relevant</b>	Something that is important to a situation/to what has happened.
<b>Remand</b>	When you are kept in prison until you go to court.
<b>Remorse</b>	To feel and show that you are sorry for something you have done wrong.
<b>Reparation</b>	Work that you have to do because you have done something against the law. You don't get paid.
<b>Report</b>	A spoken or written explanation of something that has been seen, heard or done.
<b>Responsibility</b>	You having control or care of someone or doing something.
<b>Self-defence</b>	Protecting yourself from an attack.
<b>Sentence</b>	The punishment given to someone who has broken the law.
<b>Solicitor</b>	A person who gathers information and helps you or other people in court.
<b>Statement</b>	The version of events told to the police which is written down or video recorded.
<b>Statutory</b>	The law says it is something you have to do.
<b>Supervision</b>	A meeting to check how things are going.
<b>Threatening</b>	To make someone believe you are going to cause them harm or put yourself danger.
<b>Triage</b>	When you have been arrested by the police and the crime committed will not go to court. This is normally given to people who have never been in trouble with the police and if the crime is of a low level. You do not have a criminal conviction and this information will not be on your police record.
<b>Unconditional</b>	Something that does not have any extra rules to follow.
<b>Usher</b>	Someone who takes people to and from a court room.
<b>Victim</b>	A person that has been harmed by a crime.
<b>Vulnerable</b>	When you are easily attacked, either physically, emotionally or mentally.
<b>“You have breached your order”</b>	You haven't followed the rules you've been given and you may have to go back to court.
<b>“You must refrain...”</b>	You must not do...
<b>Youth caution</b>	When you have been arrested by the police and do not go to court. You do not have a criminal conviction. This information will be put on your police record and could be shared with employers, colleges, universities and immigration.
<b>Youth conditional caution</b>	When you have been arrested by the police and do not go to court. You have to attend appointments in the community and follow certain rules. This information will be put on your police record and could be shared with employers, colleges, universities and immigration. If you do not attend the appointments and follow the rules you will be sent to court and may have a criminal conviction.